

User Manual

Off Grid Hybrid Solar Inverter

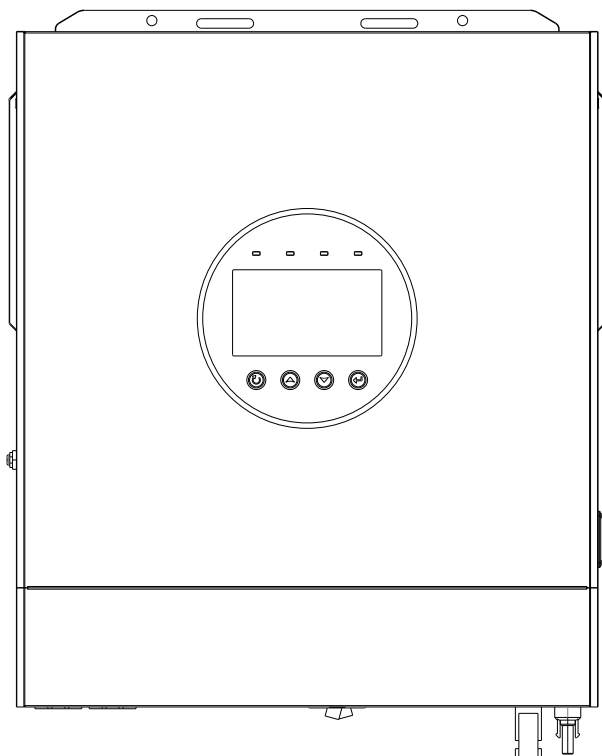


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1.Information on this Manual

1.1 Validity

This manual is valid for the following devices:

- Single inverter
- Parallel inverter

1.2 Scope

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations.

1.3 Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Tasks that do not require any particular qualification can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- Knowledge of the applicable standards and directives
- Knowledge of the compliance with this document and all safety information

1.4 Label Description

In order to ensure the user's personal safety when using this product, the inverter and manual provides relevant identification information and uses appropriate symbols to alert the user, who should carefully read the following list of symbols used in this manual.

Labels on Inverter

	CAUTION Do not disconnect under load!
	Danger: High Voltage! Danger: Electrical Hazard!
	Start maintaining the INVERTER at least 5 minutes after the INVERTER disconnected from all external power supplies.
	Read instructions carefully before performing any operation on the INVERTER.
	Grounding: The system must be firmly grounded for operator safety.

Labels in the documentation

 WARNING!	A high level of potential danger, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to personnel.
 CAUTION!	A moderate or low level of potential danger, which, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injuries to personnel. In some bad situation, it could result in death or serious injury to personnel.

1.5 Safety Instructions



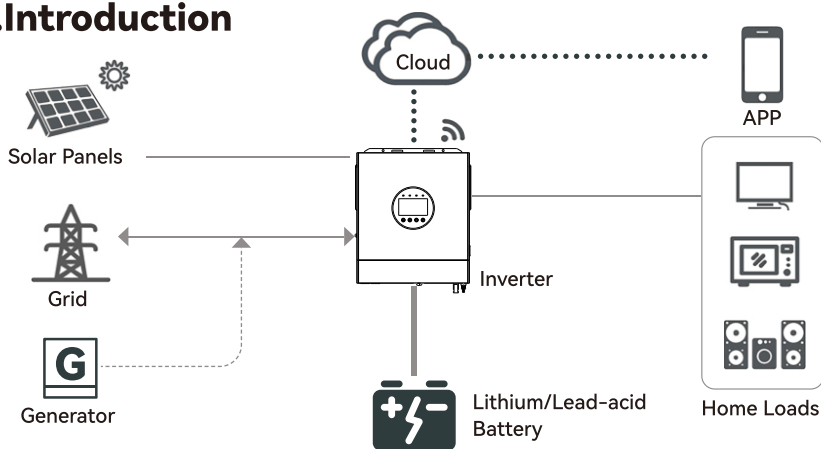
WARNING!

**This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions.
Read and keep this manual for future reference.**

01. Please be clear which kind of battery system you want, lithium battery system or lead-acid battery system, if you choose the wrong system, energy storage system can't work normally.
02. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary marking on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual. The company has the right not to quality assurance, if not according to the instructions of this manual for installation and cause equipment damage.
03. All the operation and connection please professional electrical or mechanical engineer.
04. All the electrical installation must comply with the local electrical safety standards.
05. When install PV modules in the daytime, installer should cover the PV modules by opaque materials, otherwise it will be dangerous as high terminal voltage of modules in the sunshine.
06. CAUTION - To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead-acid type rechargeable batteries and lithium batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
07. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
08. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
09. NEVER charge a frozen battery.
10. For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter.

11. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
12. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
13. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
14. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the grid when DC input short circuits.
15. Make sure the inverter is completely assembled, before the operation.
16. When the inverter is in operation, there will still be voltage at the battery port even if no battery is connected to it. Do not touch the battery ports.

2.Introduction



Solar Energy Storage System

This is a multifunctional solar inverter, integrated with a MPPT solar charge controller, a high frequency pure sine wave inverter and a UPS function module in one machine, which is perfect for off grid backup power and self-consumption applications. This inverter can work with or without batteries.

The whole system also need other devices to achieve complete running such as PV modules, generator, or utility grid. Please consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. The WiFi module is built-in or plug-and-play monitoring device to be installed on the inverter. With this device, users can monitor the status of the PV system from the mobile phone or from the website anytime anywhere.

3. Installation

3.1 Unpacking and Inspection

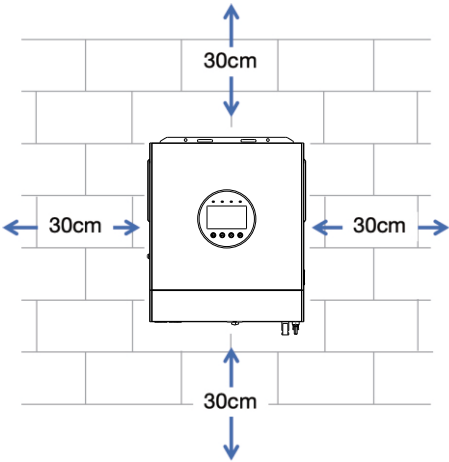
3.1.1 Open-box Inspection

Products have been strictly tested before leaving the factory. Please sign for them after inspection. If the product is damaged, please contact the local distributor. Please open the box to check whether the outer packaging is intact or damaged, whether the internal equipment is damaged.

3.1.2 Installation Tools

Installation Tools	Multi-meter 	Protective gloves 	Insulated anti-smashing shoes 
	Safety glasses 	ESD wrist strap 	Hammer drill 
	Electric screwdriver 	Cross screwdriver 	Rubber mallet 
	Spirit level 	Wire cutter / stripper 	Terminal crimping tool 

3.2 Mounting Unit



Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface.
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between -10°C and 60°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram above to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.

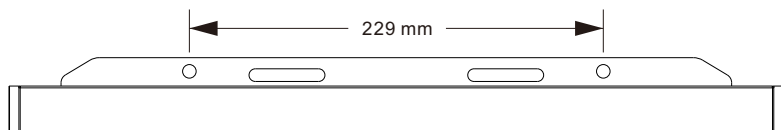


WARNING!

Inverter is suitable for mounting on concrete or other non-combustible surface only.

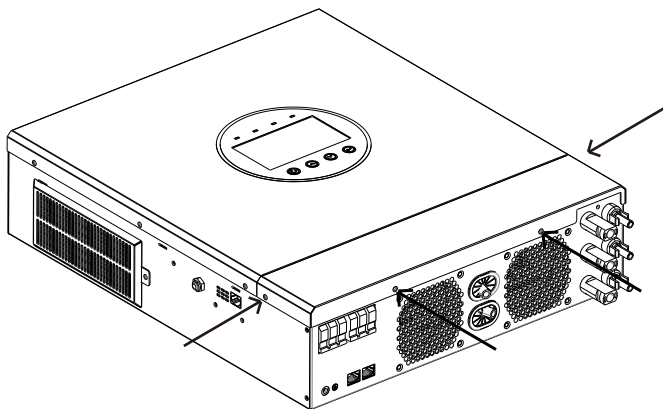
Follow the installation steps:

1. Use $\phi 8$ drilling bit drill holes on the mounting surface. The distance between holes is 229mm. Then insert the expansion screw tube. M6 expansion screw is suggested.



2. Pick up the inverter vertically and align the screws' holes at the top of the inverter with the expansion screw tube already installed on the wall. Fix the inverter on the mounting surface by screws.

Before connecting all wiring, please take off bottom cover by removing four screws as shown below:



3.3 AC Input / Output Connection



CAUTION!

Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a separate AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 80A.



CAUTION!

There are three terminal blocks with 'AC IN', 'AC OUT1', 'AC OUT2' markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.



CAUTION!

Be sure to connect AC cables with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, this may cause damage to the inverter..

The N lines of input and output must not be connected together, as this may cause damage to the inverter in some conditions.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggestion for AC input wires

Gauge	Cable (mm ²)
6 AWG	13.3



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC output 1/2 connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggestion for AC output wires

Terminal	Gauge	Cable (mm ²)
AC OUT1 (Max current is 70A)	6 AWG	13.3
AC OUT2 (Max current is 40A)	10 AWG	5.26

Note: AC OUT2 is optional. Please refer to the actual machine.



WARNING!

AC OUT2 terminal can't be connected with a load current > 40A, or an error will be raised.



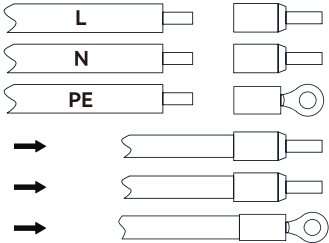
WARNING!

Make sure AC power is disconnected before attempting to connect AC power to the unit.

All operations during the electrical connection process, as well as the specifications of cables and components used, must comply with local laws and regulations. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

Please follow below steps to implement AC input (AC IN) connection:

1. Before making AC connection, be sure to open AC circuit breaker first.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 12mm from the head of cables, shorten the conductor part to 10mm. Insert the cable into the tubular terminal. Then use terminal crimping tool make the terminal and cable connected tightly.

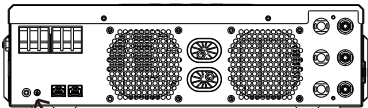


3. Insert AC input cables according to polarities indicated on terminal blocks and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective cable on the inverter side first.

PE → Protective Earth (yellow-green)

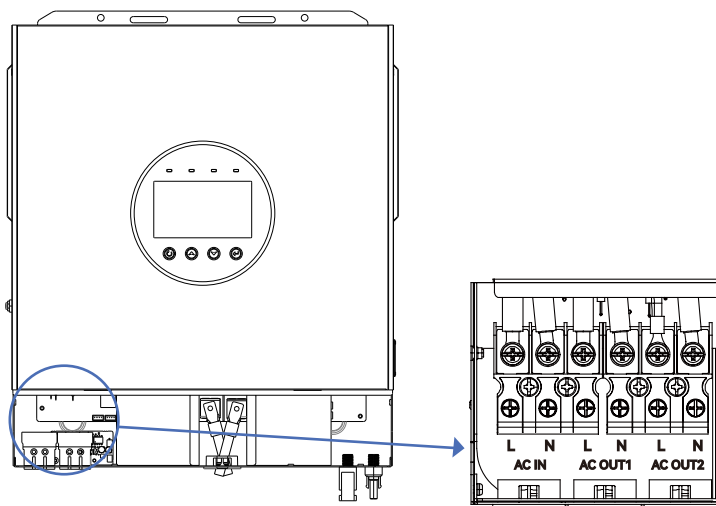
L → LINE (brown or black)

N → Neutral (blue)



PE

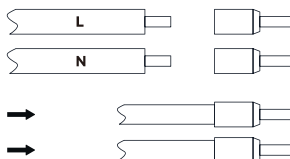
cable



4. Make sure the cables are securely connected.

To implement AC output (OUT1/OUT2) connection:

Follow the steps as AC input connection of L (LINE) and N (Neutral) cables.



CAUTION!

Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check with manufacturer of air conditioner that if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this solar inverter will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

3.4 PV Connection



CAUTION!

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separate DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.



WARNING!

Do not ground the positive or negative terminals of the PV modules, as this can severely damage the inverter.



WARNING!

Exposure to sunlight can generate lethal high voltages in photovoltaic strings, so strictly adhere to the safety precautions listed in the photovoltaic string and related documents.



WARNING!

Make sure to connect the PV terminals to the corresponding ports on the inverter, as reversing the polarity can damage the inverter.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

Gauge	Cable (mm ²)
10AWG	5.26

PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than start-up voltage.

Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	500Vdc
Start-up Voltage	80Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	60Vdc~450Vdc



WARNING!

Please do not connect any DC switches or AC/DC circuit breakers before completing the electrical connections.

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

Step 1: Check the input voltage of PV array modules. This system is applied with two strings of PV array.

Please make sure that the maximum current load of each PV input connector is 18A.

CAUTION: Exceeding the maximum input voltage can destroy the unit!! Check the system before wire connection.

Step 2: Disconnect the circuit breaker and switch off the DC switch.

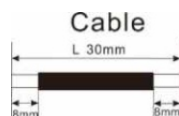
Step 3: Assemble provided PV connectors with PV modules by the following steps.

Components for PV connectors and Tools:

Female connector housing	
Female terminal	
Male connector housing	
Male terminal	
Crimping tool and spanner	

Prepare the cable and follow the connector assembly process:

Strip one cable 8 mm on both end sides and be careful NOT to nick conductors.



Insert striped cable into female terminal and crimp female terminal as shown below.



Insert assembled cable into female connector housing as shown below.



Insert stripeca into male terminal and crimp male terminal as shown below.



Insert assembled cable into male connector housing as shown below.



Then, use spanner to screw pressure dome tightly to female connector and male connector as shown below.

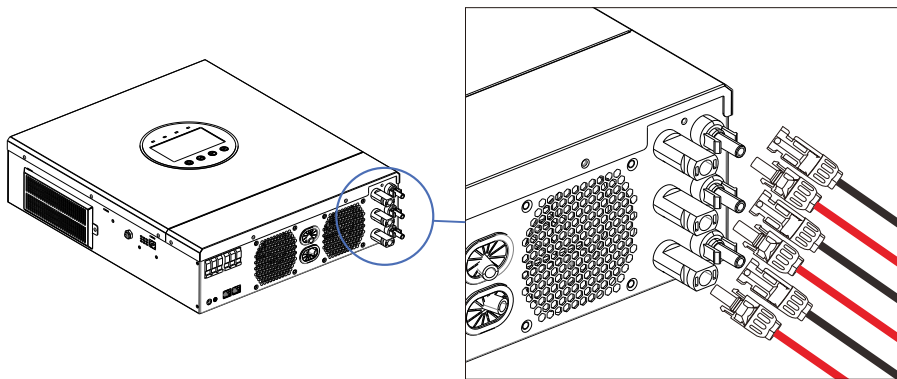


Step 4: Insert PV cables according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws.

+ → PV+ (red)

- → PV- (black)

Step 5: PV1 and PV2 are connected inparallel, and PV3 can be connected to different PV panel strings. If PV1/PV1 and PV3 are connected to the same PV panel string, the inverter needs to change setting 62 to enable PV parallel mode.



3.5 Battery Connection

3.5.1 Lead-acid Battery Connection

User can choose proper capacity lead acid battery with a nominal voltage at 48V. Also you need to choose battery type as 'AGM or FLD(flooded)'.



CAUTION!

For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. The recommended size of protector or disconnect is 250A.



WARNING!

All wiring must be performed by a qualified person.



WARNING!

It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.



WARNING!

Make sure AC power is disconnected before attempting to connect AC power to the unit.

All operations during the electrical connection process, as well as the specifications of cables and components used, must comply with local laws and regulations. The cable color mentioned below is for typical reference.

Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

Gauge	Cable (mm ²)
0 AWG	53

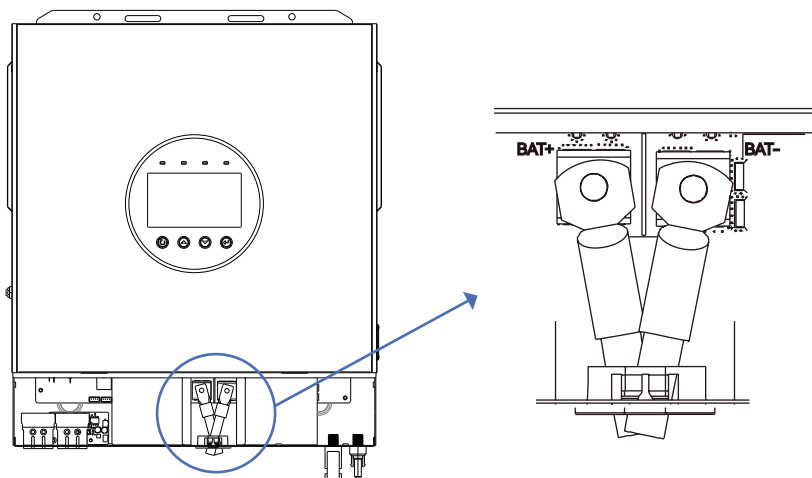
Note: For lead acid battery, the recommended charge current is 0.3C (C≤battery capacity)

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

1. Unscrew the pre-fixed screws on battery poles. Prepare 2 DT terminals (It should fit for cables).
2. Remove insulation sleeve 12mm from the head of cables, shorten the conductor part to 10 mm. Insert the cable into the DT terminal. Then use terminal crimping tool make the terminal and cable connected tightly.



3. Pass the battery cable through the battery installation hole on bottom shell, and tighten the terminal screws. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and DT terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.



4. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to connect at least 200Ah capacity battery.



WARNING! Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!

Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the DT terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.



CAUTION!

Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.



CAUTION!

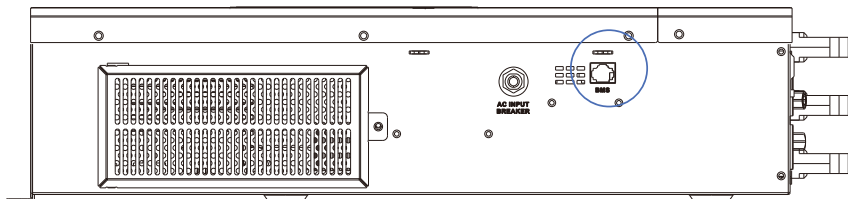
Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

3.5.2 Lithium Battery Connection

If choosing lithium battery for inverter, Please check the compatibility of the protocol first. There are two connectors on the lithium battery, RJ45 port of BMS and power cable.

Please follow below steps to implement lithium battery connection:

1. Follow section 3.5.1 to implement the power cable connection.
2. Connect RJ45 terminal of battery communication cable to BMS communication port of inverter. The communication protocol should be RS485 or CAN.



3. Insert the other end of RJ45 (battery communication cable) to battery communication port of lithium battery.

Note: If choosing lithium battery, make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and the inverter.

Lithium battery communication and setting:

In order to communicate with battery BMS, you should set the battery type to 'Lib' or 'FEL' in Section 4.2.2 Program 17.

Make sure the lithium battery BMS port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin, the inverter BMS port pin assignment shown as below:

Pin number	BMS port
1	RS485B
2	RS485A
3	-
4	CANH
5	CANL
6	-
7	-
8	-

Communicating with battery BMS in parallel system

If need to use communicate with BMS in a parallel system, you should make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and one inverter of the parallel system.

3.6 Meter Connection

The inverter can be connected to an external meter which is installed at grid side. With the accurate grid power, grid tied function can be performed precisely.

The inverter interface for the meter is the RS485A and RS485B in the BMS interface, when RS485 A/B are used with a meter, CAN H/L can also be connected with BMS. Terminal definition can be found in Section 3.5.

The meter should choose the model required by the manufacturer to ensure that the communication protocol is supported by the inverter.

3.7 Final Assembly

After connecting all wiring, please put bottom cover back by screwing four screws mentioned in Section 3.2.

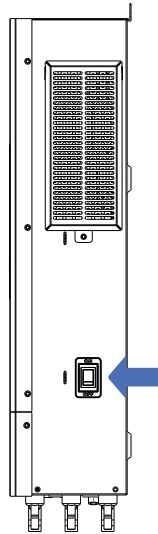
3.8 Smart Communication Stick Connection

Standardly equipped with built-in WiFi. For specific operation steps, please refer to the WiFi connection instructions.

4. Operation

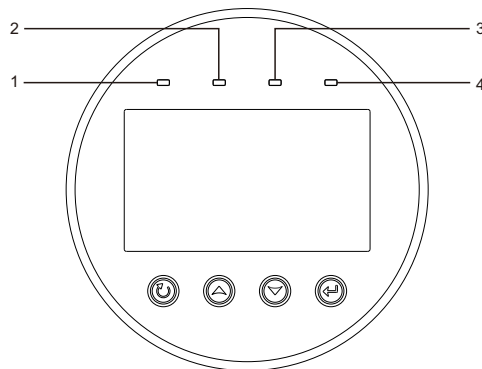
4.1 Power ON/OFF

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press ON/OFF switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.



4.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



LED Indicator			Messages
① AC	Status indicator (Green)	Solid On	The grid power is normal and enters the grid power operation.
		Flashing	The grid power is normal, but it has not entered grid power operation.
		Off	The grid power is abnormal.
② Inverter	Invert indicator (Yellow)	Solid On	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
		Off	Other states.
③ Charging	Charging indicator (Yellow)	Solid On	The battery is in float charging.
		Flashing	The battery is in constant voltage charging.
		Off	Other states.
④ Fault	Fault indicator (Red)	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.
		Off	The inverter is working properly.



ESC



UP



DOWN

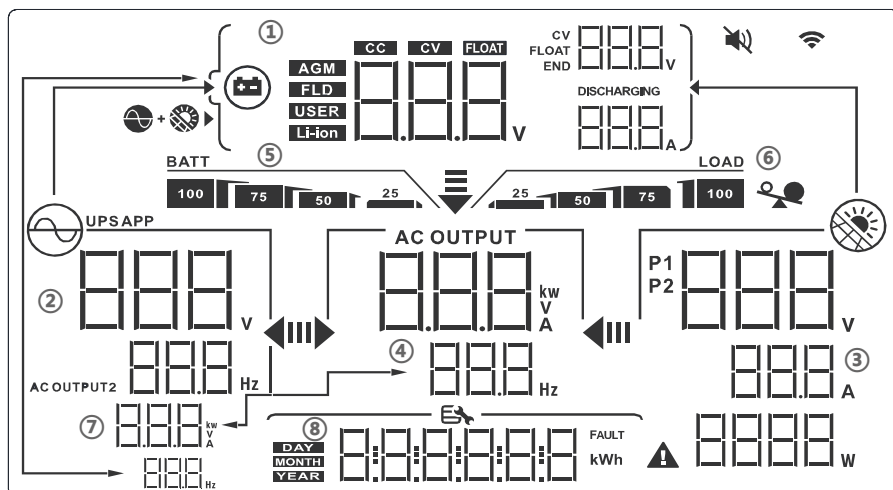


ENTER

Function Buttons

Button	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

4.2.1 LCD Display Icons



Display area	Icon	Description
① Battery Information		Battery icon
		Battery type
		Three charging period. The CC icon is illuminated during the constant current charging stage, the CV icon is illuminated during the constant voltage charging stage, and the FLOAT icon is illuminated during the float charging stage.
		Indicate battery voltage
		During the constant voltage charging stage, the CV voltage is displayed and the CV icon is illuminated. During the float charging stage, the float voltage is displayed and the FLOAT icon is illuminated. During the discharge state, the end discharge voltage is displayed and the END icon is illuminated.
		Battery charging/discharging current
② AC Input Information		AC input icon
		UPS or APP input mode When set to GEN input, it displays as APP
		AC input voltage and frequency
③ PV Input Information		PV input icon
		Indicate PV power, PV voltage, PV current, etc. These information of PV1 and PV2 are displayed in rotation.
④ Output Information		Indicate output voltage(V), apparent power (VA or kVA), output active power (W or kW) alternately, switching every five seconds Indicate output frequency
⑤ Battery Capacity		Indicate battery capacity
⑥ Load Capacity		Indicate load capacity
		Over load icon
⑦ AC OUTPUT2 information		Second AC output icon
		Indicate AC output 2 voltage(V)
⑧ Parameter Query, Function Setting or Fault/Alarm Information		Indicate system information; Function setting; Indicate Fault/Alarm

Other Information		Mute
		Wifi connected
		If PV + Grid, the left and right icon light at same time; if only PV, the right icon is only light
		If PV first, the left and right icon light at same time.

For Lead-acid battery, detailed description of battery icon as following:

In battery mode, battery icon will present Battery Capacity		
Load Percentage	Battery Voltage	Display
Load >50%	< 44.584V	
	44.584 ~ 46.74V	
	46.74 ~ 48.896V	
	> 48.896V	
50%> Load > 20%	< 47.18V	
	47.18 ~ 49.336V	
	49.336 ~ 51.492V	
	> 51.492V	
Load < 20%	< 48.48V	
	48.48 ~ 50.636V	
	50.636 ~ 52.792V	
	> 52.792V	

4.2.2 LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 2 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press 'UP' or 'DOWN' button to select setting programs. Then press 'ENTER' button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Notes:

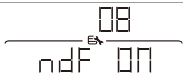
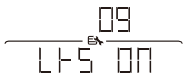
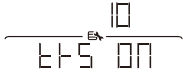
Standby mode: Inverter is not allowed to power the load. (Turn output switch to 'OFF' or inverter is abnormal)

Battery mode: Inverter is allowed to power the load with PV / PV+Battery / Battery, and operates without the grid.

Grid mode: Inverter is allowed to power the load with PV / PV+Grid / Grid, and operates with the grid.

Program	Description	Setting Option	
01	Output voltage	01 OPU230	
		230V (default) Adjustable/settable value: 220V, 230V, 240V	
02	Output frequency	02 OPF 50	
		50Hz(default) Adjustable/settable frequency: 50Hz, 60Hz It can be set in standby mode or grid mode, and take effect immediately.	
03	Output source priority	Grid first (default)	03 OPPGPB
		Grid provides power to the loads as first priority. Solar power will charge the battery. If solar is not sufficient to charge battery, grid will charge the battery at the same time. If grid is absent and solar is sufficient, solar will power the loads. If grid is absent and solar is not sufficient, solar and battery will power the loads. If grid is absent, solar and battery are not sufficient to power loads at the same time, inverter will go to standby and charge battery.	
		Solar first	03 OPPPGB
		Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is sufficient, battery will be charged with solar energy. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Grid will supply power to the loads at the same time. If grid is absent and solar is not sufficient, solar and battery will power the loads. If grid is absent, solar and battery are not sufficient to power loads at the same time, inverter will go to standby and charge battery.	

03	Output source priority	PBG priority	
		Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is sufficient, solar will charge the battery. If solar energy is not sufficient, battery will also supply power. If solar and battery energy are not sufficient, grid will supply power to the loads and solar charges the battery. If battery is charged to be sufficient, solar and battery will power the loads instead of grid. If grid is absent, solar and battery are not sufficient to power loads at the same time, inverter will go to standby and charge battery.	
		MKS	
		Generator provides power to loads as first priority. When generator, PV, battery all exist, the work mode is as PBG. When generator exists with PV or battery, the work mode is as GPB.	
04	Input mode	APP: Appliance (default)	
		Applied to household appliances Typical switching time is 10ms.	
		UPS	
		Applied to computer and other devices. Typical switching time is 10ms.	
		GEN	
		Applied to connect generator from AC IN port. Typically switching time is 20ms.	
05	Charger source priority	PNG: PV and Grid (default)	
		PV and Grid are charged at the same time.	
		OPV: Only PV	
		Only PV charge.	
		PVF: PV first	
		If both grid and PV are available, PV charge. If only PV is available, PV charge. If only grid is available, grid charge.	

06	Grid charging current		
		Set charging current for grid chargers. The default setting is 60A. Available options: 2/10/20/30/40/50/60/70/80/90/100/110/120/130/140/150/160A	
07	Maximum charging current		
		Set total charging current for solar and grid chargers. The default setting is 100A. Available options: 10/20/30/40/50/60/70/80/90/100/110/120/130/140/150/160A If the BMS is connected, the total charging current will follow the data from BMS.	
08	Menu default		
		During setting: Set to ON. If the current page is not on the first page and no operation with 1 minute, the system will return to display the first page. Set to OFF. If the current page is not on the first page and no operation with 1 minute, the system will stay on the current page.	
09	Auto restart when overload occurs	ON(default)	
10	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	ON(default)	
11	Main input cut warning		
		Enable/Disable Grid or PV loss alarm. The default setting is ON. If the grid input detected lost, the buzzer will sound for 5 seconds. when set to OFF, after the grid input is lost, the buzzer will not sound.	
12	Energy-saving mode		
		The default setting is OFF. When set to ON, in battery mode, if the load is lower than 25W and 100VA, the system will stop output for a period then resume. If the load is still lower than 25W, the system will do the loop stop then resume. If the load is higher than 35W or 120VA, the system will resume continuous normal output.	

13	Overload transfer to bypass	13 OLC OFF	The default setting is OFF. When set to ON, in the case of PBG (PV priority) or MKS (generator priority) mode, if there is an overload, the system will immediately transfer to bypass mode (grid power output, also known as bypass mode).
14	Silent mode setting	14 nUE OFF	Enable/disable buzzer sound. The default setting is OFF. When set to ON, in any situation such as alarms or faults, the buzzer will not sound. This setting can be applied to all modes. Button sound is not effected.
15	Battery return to grid voltage point	15 bE C 46.0	When the battery is set to the AGM (Lead Acid Battery Type) or FLD (Flooded Battery Type) mode. The default setting is 46V, and it can be adjusted within a range of [44, 52V].
			When the battery is set to LIB (Ternary lithium battery). The default setting is 47.6V. It can be adjusted within a range of [47.6, 50V]. When the battery is set to FEL (Lithium iron battery), the default setting is 49.6V. It can be adjusted within a range of [48, 50V]. When the battery is set to the CUS (Customer Setting Type) mode. The default setting is 47.6V, and it can be adjusted within a range of [47.6, 50V].
16	Switching back to battery mode voltage points	16 bE b 52.0	After the battery shuts down due to low voltage, it needs to reach a certain voltage level to restart in battery mode. The value can be set to FUL or battery voltage. If set to FUL, the battery will only recharge to full capacity before it can restart in battery mode.
			When the battery is set to AGM (Absorbent Glass Mat) mode, The default setting is 52V. It can be adjusted within a range of [48, 56.4V]. When the battery is set to FLD (Flooded) mode, The default setting is 52V. It can be adjusted within a range of [48, 58V]. When the battery is set to LIB (Ternary lithium battery). The default setting is 54.4V. It can be adjusted within a range of [47.6, 56.4V]. When the battery is set to FEL (Lithium iron battery), the default setting is 53.2V. It can be adjusted within a range of [49.6, 55.2V]. When the battery is set to CUS (Customer Set Type) mode, The default setting is 54.4V, The voltage range is [47.6, 56.4V].

17	Battery type	AGM(default)	17 BATAGM
		Flooded	17 BATFLD
		Lithium (Ternary Lithium Battery)	17 BATLIB
		FEL (Lithium iron)	17 BATFEL
		User-Defined	17 BATCUS
18	Battery low voltage point		18 BAL44.0
		Battery low voltage alarm setting. If BMS is connected and the minimum discharge voltage uploaded by BMS is lower than the current set low voltage point, the low voltage point will be changed to the data from BMS.	
		If BMS is not connected, according to the following settings: When the battery type is set to LIB, the default setting is 47.6V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [46, 50V]. When the battery type is set to FEL, the default setting is 48V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [42, 50V]. When the battery type is set to CUS, the default setting is 47.6V. The adjustable range for the voltage is [46, 54V]. It is not possible to set the battery definition mode to AGM or FLD mode. The default setting is 44V.	
19	Battery shutdown voltage point		19 BAL42.0
		The battery low voltage shutdown point setting function cannot be adjusted when the battery is defined as AGM or FLD mode. The default setting is 42V.	
		If BMS is connected, the battery low voltage shutdown point will be changed to the data from BMS. If BMS is not connected, according to the following settings: When the battery type is set to LIB , the default setting is 46V, and the adjustable range is [40, 47.6V]. Initial settings for CUS are the same as for LIB. When the battery type is set to FEL , the default setting is 42V, and the adjustable range is [40, 48V].	

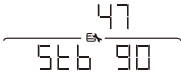
20	Constant voltage mode voltage point setting	$\frac{20}{67.456.4}$
		When the battery is defined in AGM or FLD mode, the voltage set point cannot be configured. The default setting for AGM mode is 56.4V, for FLD mode is 58V.
		If BMS is connected, the constant voltage set point voltage will be changed to the data from BMS. If BMS is not connected, according to the following settings: When the battery type is set to LIB/CUS, the default setting is 56.4V, and it can be adjusted within the range of [55.2, 58.4V]. When the battery type is set to FEL, the default setting is 55.2V, and it can be adjusted within the range of [54.4, 58.4V].
		It is important to ensure that the constant voltage set point voltage is higher than the float charge set point voltage.
21	Floating charge mode voltage point setting	$\frac{21}{67.454.0}$
		If battery type is AGM or FLD mode, the voltage set point cannot be configured. The default setting is 54V.
		If BMS is connected, the constant voltage set point voltage will be changed to the data from BMS. If BMS is not connected, according to the following settings: When the battery type is CUS, the default setting is 55.2V. The setting range is [48, 56.4V]. When the battery type is LIB, the default setting is 55.2V. The setting range is [48, 56.4V]. When the battery type is FEL, the default setting is 54.4V. The setting range is [48, 55.2V].
		It is important to note that the constant voltage point voltage should always be set higher than the floating charge point voltage.
22	Grid low voltage point setting	$\frac{22}{67.4154}$
		If input mode is APP/GEN, Grid low voltage point can be set within a range of 90V to 154V. The default setting is 154V. If input mode is UPS, Grid low voltage point can be set within a range of 170V to 200V. The default setting is 185V.
23	Grid high voltage point setting	$\frac{23}{67.4264}$
		The default setting is 264V. If input mode is APP/GEN, Grid high voltage point can be set within a range of 264V to 280V. If input mode is UPS, Grid high voltage point can not be changed.

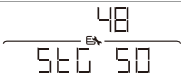
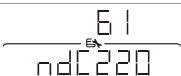
24	Automatic turn off backlight	24 AEb ON The default setting is ON. If ON, the backlight will turn off after 1minutes of no button operation.
25	Inverter soft start setting	25 StE OFF The default setting is OFF. If ON, the inverter output gradually increases from 0 to the target voltage value. If OFF, the inverter output directly increases from 0 to the target voltage value. Setting Condition: It can be set in single-machine operation mode.
26	Reset factory setting	26 Std OFF Restore all settings to factory default values. Before the setting, this interface is displayed as OFF. When set to ON, the system will restore to default settings. After the setting is completed, this interface will display OFF again. The setting can be applied immediately in grid and standby modes, but cannot be set in battery mode.
27	Parallel mode setting	27 nOdSI G Set the parallel operation mode. It can be set in standby mode. In other models it cannot be set. The default setting is SIG (single mode), which can be set to PAR (parallel mode) single-phase parallel operation mode, 3P1 (R phase mode), 3P2 (S phase mode), 3P3 (T phase mode). For details, please refer to section 5. The single inverter(non-parallel) does not display this page. It can only be set by screen not by APP.
28	Parallel identity code	28 PI dAE0 The default setting is ATO (auto mode), which can be set to 1-6. When using the parallel function, except for ATO mode, the same identical ID cannot be set for two inverters. The single inverter(non-parallel) does not display this page. It can be set in standby mode. In other models it cannot be set. It can only be set by screen not by APP.
29	Battery disconnection alarm	29 StAd OFF Enable/Disable battery disconnection alarm. OFF(default). When set to OFF, there will be no battery disconnection alarm when the battery is disconnected.

30	Inverter parallel without battery operation status	30 EA POPOFF The default setting is OFF. It can only be set by screen not by APP. When set to OFF, Inverters cannot operate in parallel with only PV connected and no battery. If grid is connected, the inverters can operate in parallel. When set to ON, inverters can operate in parallel with only PV connected and no battery.
31	Equalization voltage point setting	31 EA E9058.4 The default setting is 58.4V, with a configurable range of [56.4, 60V].
32	Equalization charging time setting	32 EA E9EOFF The function can be set as 'OFF' or active. During the equalization stage, the controller will charge the battery as much as possible until the battery voltage rises to the battery equalization voltage. Then, it will adopt constant voltage regulation to maintain the battery voltage. The battery will remain in the equalization stage until the set battery equalization time is reached. The setting range is [5, 900] with 5 minutes for every step. The default setting is OFF.
33	Equalization delay time setting	33 EA E90120 The function can be set as 'OFF' or active. During the equalization stage, if the battery equalization time expires and the battery voltage has not risen to the battery equalization voltage point, the charging controller will extend the battery equalization time until the battery voltage reaches the battery equalization voltage. When the battery equalization delay setting is completed and the battery voltage is still below the battery equalization voltage, the charging controller will stop equalization and return to the floating stage. The default setting is 120 minutes, with a configurable range of [5, 900], and an increment of 5 minutes for each setting.
34	Equalization interval time setting	34 EA E9I30 When the battery connection is detected during the float phase with the equalization mode turned on, the controller will start to enter the equalization phase when the set equalization interval (cell equalization period) is reached. The default setting is 30 days, the settable range is [1, 90], and the increment of each setting is 1 day.

35	Enable equalization immediately	35 EQN OFF	The default setting is OFF, and the function is not turned on. If it is set to ON, in the float charging stage when the equalization mode is turned on and the battery connection is detected. The equalization charging is activated immediately, and the controller will start to enter the equalization stage.
36	Grid-tie inverter function	36 GFI OFF	The default setting is OFF, and the range is OFF / INT. When it is set to INT, inverter feeds grid with internal sampling.
			If the value is INT, the inverter can feed excess energy into grid according to different output source priority. In PGB mode when battery level is sufficient, as long as grid is connected, PV can feed energy to grid as much as possible and surplus energy of PV charges the battery. In PGB mode when battery level is NOT sufficient, PV charges battery as much as possible and surplus energy of PV feeds grid. In GPB or PBG mode, as long as grid is connected, PV charges battery as much as possible and surplus energy of PV feeds grid. In MKS mode, inverter does not feed grid.
			If the value is INT, it is prohibited for the grid to charge battery when PV is available, while allow grid to charge battery when PV is unavailable.
37	Max Grid Tie Power	37 GEP 12.0	
			Setting the output power value to grid. The default setting is 12.0kW. The setting range is [0, 12.0]kW. Every setting step is 0.5kW.
38	Battery dual output low voltage shutdown point	38 db 48.0	
			When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery voltage drops below the set point, the secondary output is turned off. When the battery voltage rises above the set value +2V per battery cell, the secondary output is turned on. The default setting is 48V, with a configurable range of [47.6, 55.2]V. Note: The setting does not take effect on single output model.

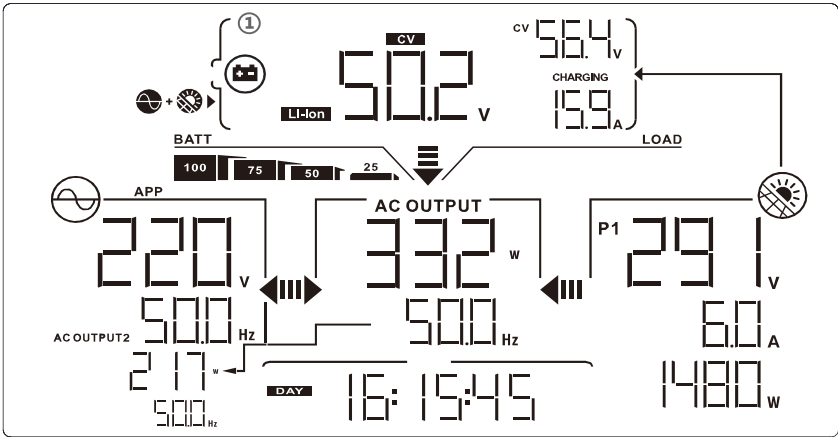
39	Battery dual output duration	39 dbtOFF When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery discharge time reaches the set point, the secondary output is turned off. Default setting is OFF, the function is not enabled. The configurable range is [5,900] in minutes. When set to FUL, the secondary output has unlimited output time. Note: The setting does not take effect on single output model.
40	Dual output battery mode cut-off SOC	40 db5 20 When enabled, the secondary output of the inverter is enabled by default. In battery mode, when the battery SOC is lower than the set value, the secondary output is turned off. After the battery SOC is 5% higher than set value, the secondary output will turn on. The default setting is 20. The setting range is [5, 90] and OFF. Note: The setting does not take effect on single output model.
44	BMS Communication Function	44 bnsOFF The default setting is SK, When set to a specific BMS protocol, the inverter communicates with the lithium battery BMS through the centralized control board and obtains battery information. If the communication is abnormal after the function is enabled, alarm 56 is generated, and the inverter does not determine the running logic based on the BMS information. SK:SAKO POWER protocol (485) PYL: PYLON protocol (485 and CAN) PAC: PACE RTU protocol (485)
45	BMS ID	45 bni AtO Setting BMS ID number to communication with. The setting value is AtO or numerical value [0, 15]. Among them, A-F represents 10-15 respectively. The default value is auto (AtO). When set to auto (AtO), system will automatically poll the BMS ID from small to large. When system poll for the first ID with a correct response, it locks the ID and only asks the BMS with that ID.

45		When set to OVE, system will automatically poll the BMS ID from small to large. After the polling is completed, the BMS data will be aggregated and used in the operation of the inverter.
46	Low SOC shutdown	 Set the inverter to shut down when the State of Charge (SOC) of the battery is low. The default setting is 20, with a configurable range of [5, 50]. When the lithium battery SOC reaches the set value in battery mode, the inverter shuts down and generates alarm 68. The alarm 68 is cleared when the SOC returns to the set value + 5%. In standby mode, the inverter can switch to battery mode only when the SOC reaches the set value + 10%. If it does not reach this threshold, alarm 69 is generated. Once the function is enabled, alarm 69 is triggered when the lithium battery SOC reaches the set value + 5%, and it is cleared when it returns to the set value + 10%. It can be set to OFF, in which case the inverter no longer performs shutdown, startup, or alarm operations based on the SOC condition. Once the function is enabled, if a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the related alarms.
47	High SOC to battery	 Set the SOC value for the inverter to switch to battery mode. The default setting is 90, with a configurable range of [50, 100]. In PBG priority mode, when the lithium battery SOC reaches the set value in normal grid mode, the inverter switches to battery mode. Once enabled, the inverter will only switch to battery mode when the SOC is above the set point and the battery voltage is higher than the voltage point to switch back to battery mode. It can be set to OFF, in which case the inverter no longer switches between grid mode and battery mode based on the SOC condition, and the setting Low SOC to Grid will take effect as 'OFF'. Once the function is enabled, if a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the related alarms.

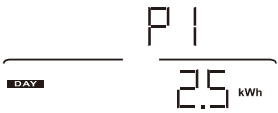
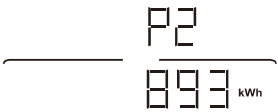
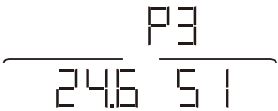
48	Low SOC to grid	 Set the SOC value for the inverter to switch to grid mode. The default setting is 50, with a configurable range of [20, 90]. In PBG priority mode, when the lithium battery SOC reaches the set value in battery mode, the inverter switches to grid mode. Once enabled, the inverter will switch to grid mode when the SOC is below the set point or the battery voltage is lower than the voltage point to switch back to grid mode. It can be set to OFF, in which case the inverter no longer switches between battery mode and grid mode based on the SOC condition, the setting High SOC to Battery will take effect as 'OFF'. Once the function is enabled, if a communication abnormality occurs, the inverter no longer operates based on the SOC information and clears the related alarms. When this setting is higher than the STB point, STB and STG will no longer take effect after the next activation.
61	Battery Max. discharge current	 The default setting is 220A. The setting range is [10, 220A] by 5A every adjustment step. When set to a numerical value, it indicates the limitation current value. If the discharging current is over the limitation for more than 3 seconds, alarm 60 will occur. If the continuous over-current time reaches 5 seconds, fault 14 will occur and inverter goes into fault mode. When set to OFF, If the discharging current is more than 230A over 3 seconds, alarm 60 will occur. If the continuous over-current time reaches 5 seconds, fault 14 will occur and inverter goes into fault mode. When the BMS is connected and communication is successful, the maximum discharge current will be updated to the maximum discharge current uploaded by the BMS.
62	PV parallel mode	 The default setting is OFF. When the value is 'OFF', PV1/2 are connected to different PV string. When the value is 'ON', PV1/2 are connected to same PV string.

4.3 Display Information

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing 'UP' or 'DOWN' key. If there is no operation for a long time, the daily PV power generation will be displayed at the bottom of the screen. For example the following screen displays 2.5kWh.



The selectable information is switched as below.

LCD display	Information
	Display the daily power generation from solar.
	Display total power generation from solar.
	Display lithium battery temperature and SOC. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
	Display lithium battery rated capacity and remaining capacity. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.

 The display shows 'P5' at the top, followed by a horizontal line. Below the line, the number '58.444.8' is displayed in a 7-segment font.	Display lithium battery maximum charging voltage and minimum discharging voltage. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
 The display shows 'P6' at the top, followed by a horizontal line. Below the line, the text '88.0 188' is displayed in a 7-segment font.	Display lithium battery maximum charging current and maximum discharging current. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
 The display shows 'P7' at the top, followed by a horizontal line. Below the line, the text 'NUL NUL' is displayed in a 7-segment font.	Display lithium battery alarm and fault information. Display ERR when BMS communication fails. If BMS function is disabled, the page will not display.
 The display shows 'P8' at the top, followed by a horizontal line. Below the line, the text '4 1' is displayed in a 7-segment font.	Display inverter firmware version.

5. Parallel Installation Guide

The inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 6 units.
2. Maximum 6 units work together to support 3-phase operation, and up to 4 units can be configured for one phase of the three-phase system. In a 3-phase system, it is required that at least 1 inverter is working properly for each phase.

Check the installation instructions from above sections. Be sure to save enough clearance between every 2 inverters. For AC/DC breaker/disconnector, please check the recommended size from corresponding section and how many units of inverter mounted, then selected proper model of breaker/disconnector.



WARNING!

- The grid cable of parallel inverters in same phase shall ensure that the material, cross-sectional area and length of conductor are consistent.
- The output cable of parallel inverters in same phase shall ensure that the material, cross-sectional area and length of conductor are consistent.



WARNING!

- Parallel system can operate without battery and grid, but AC output will derate.
- If parallel system contains battery, all inverters must be connected to the same batteries.
- It is recommended to connect the battery interfaces of all inverters to the same copper bar, and then connect the batteries to the copper bar.
- If cable are used to connect the inverters to the battery, the cable shall be consistent in material, conductor cross-sectional area and conductor length.



WARNING!

Do not connect the same PV string to multiple inverters, as this may cause damage to the inverters. Each inverter is separately connected to PV.



CAUTION!

To avoid overload, it is best to run the whole system properly before closing the circuit breaker on the load side.

**CAUTION!**

When parallel function is enabled, system can not operate in Energy-saving mode / Inverter soft start function.

**CAUTION!**

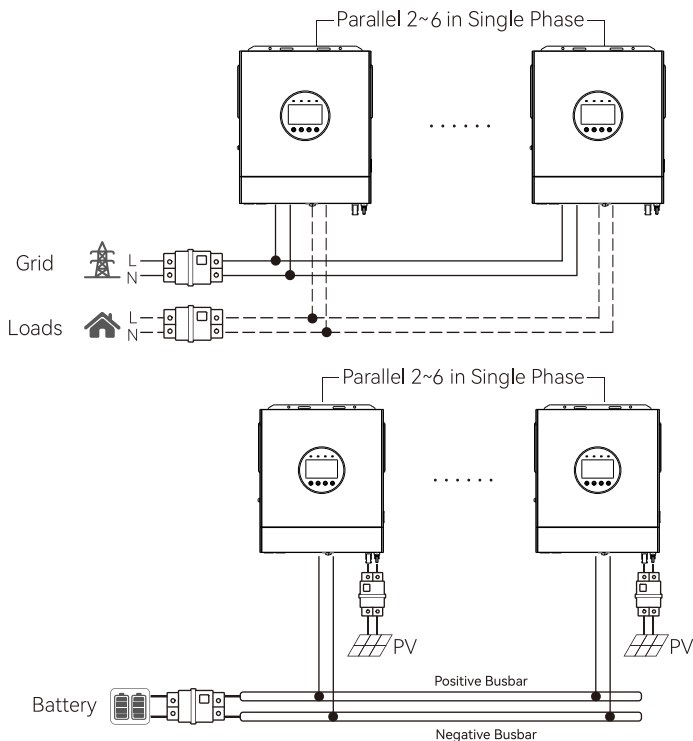
In parallel system, the leakage current specification of the AC input breaker should be selected as 300mA.

**CAUTION!**

If inverters' AC OUT2 are used during parallel operation, they will be connected independently from AC OUT1, but with the same wiring method, supplying power to different loads separately.

5.1 Parallel Cable Connection in Single Phase

2~6 inverters in parallel system connection:



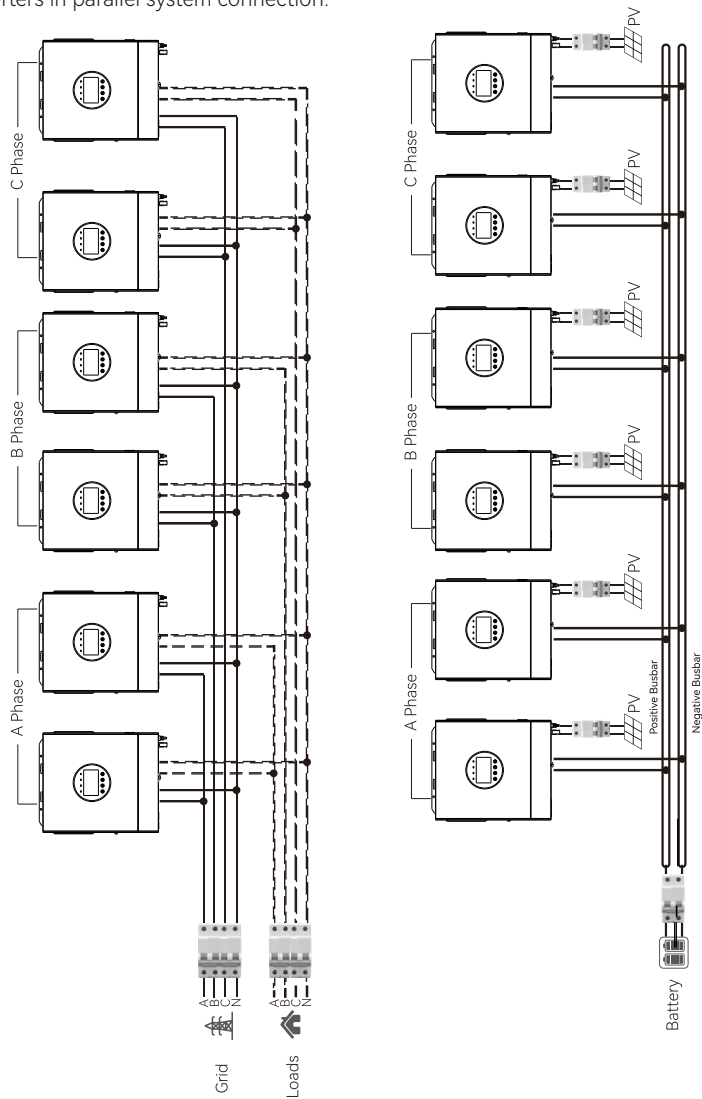
5.2 Parallel Cable Connection in Three Phase

In parallel system, at least 1 inverter that is working properly must be maintained for each phase.

Example 1: phase A-2 inverters, phase B-2 inverters,phase C-2 inverters.

Example 2: phase A-1 inverters, phase B-1 inverters,phase C-4 inverters.

3~6 inverters in parallel system connection:



5.3 Communication Cable for Parallel

The connection of parallel communication cables does not require consideration of which phase the inverter is in, nor does it differentiate in order.

The communication cable can be inserted into any parallel communication interface of the inverter.

It is necessary to ensure a circular connection of the communication cable.

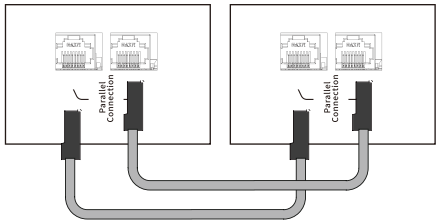


WARNING!

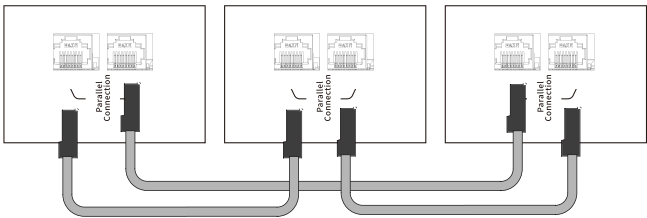
The parallel communication cable needs to be arranged separately from the power line to avoid interference with communication. It is recommended to have a spacing of at least 5cm.

When there are a large number of inverters in parallel system, it is recommended to connect the inverter communication cable every other inverter, so as to use the standard cables in the accessories to complete it, without the need for a long cable from the end inverter to the beginning inverter.

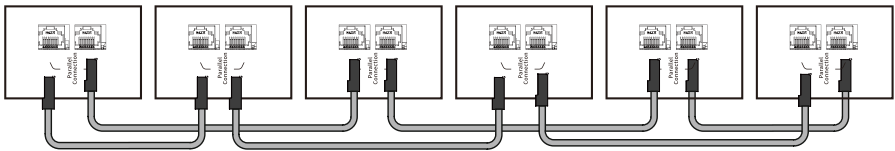
Communication connection for 2 inverters in parallel system:



Communication connection for 3 inverters in parallel system:



Communication connection for 6 inverters in parallel system:

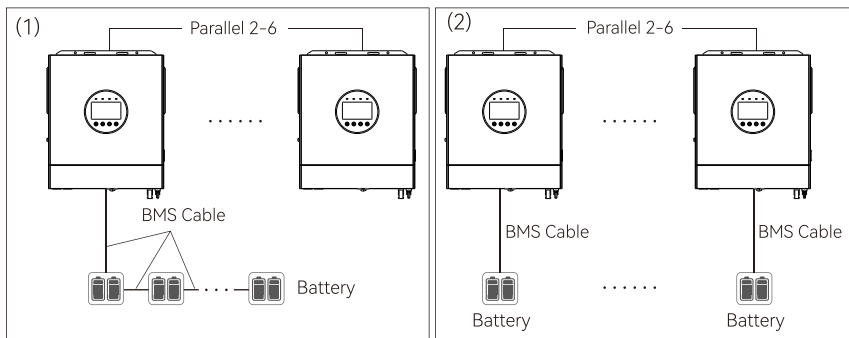


5.4 BMS Cable for Parallel

There are two ways to connect BMS and inverters:

1. All battery BMS are interconnected and then connected to only one inverter.
2. If the number of inverters is the same as the number of batteries, each BMS can be separately connected to one inverter.

Attention: All battery power cables must be connected in parallel. If the number of inverters does not match the number of batteries, connection (1) must be used.



5.5 System Setting for Parallel

To perform the system setting, please refer to section 4.2.2 Program 27 and 28 first.



CAUTION!

If there is a machine set to SIG in the parallel system, it will report a fault 24. If there are machines set to 3P1, 3P2, and 3P3 in the parallel system, all machines must be set to one of these three modes, and at least one machine must be set for each mode. Otherwise, all machines set to these three modes will report a fault 24.

5.5.1 Single Phase Setting

Step 1: Before setting, please check if the wiring is correct. Ensure that all circuit breakers(PV, AC input, AC output battery breaker) are disconnected and that each neutral line of the inverter is connected together.

Step 2: Switch 'ON/OFF' switch to OFF and make sure all inverters switched to OFF. Connect battery breaker to power the inverters.

Step 3: If there is grid in parallel system, skip directly to step 4.

If there is no grid in parallel system, switch 'ON/OFF' switch to ON on inverter, wait until the LCD display is on. Then switch 'ON/OFF' switch to OFF and LCD display will last for a while.

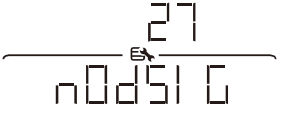
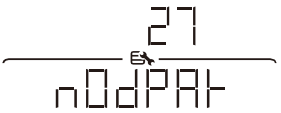
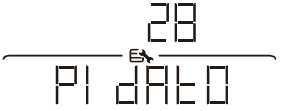
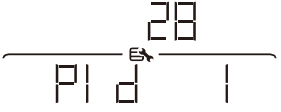
Step 4: Set 'PAR' in program 27 on the LCD.

Step 5: Follow step 3&4 to set all the parallel inverter.

Step 6: Switch 'ON/OFF' switch to ON on inverter then connect all the breakers.

Note:

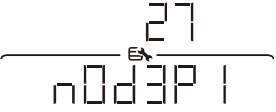
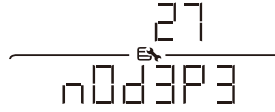
1. When setting the LCD program, the ON/OFF switch must be OFF. Otherwise, it cannot be set up.
2. The primary and slave devices are generated by competition within the system.
3. After parallel setting, when the parameters of one inverter (unrelated to parallel operation) are changed, other inverters will automatically synchronize the parameters.

	The default setting for the inverter is SIG: single machine mode.
	The default setting for the inverter is PAR: single-phase parallel mode
	PID: Parallel identity code. The default setting is ATO (auto mode), system will automatically assign a parallel ID.
	Parallel identity code can be set to 1-6, the same identical ID cannot be set for two inverters.

5.5.2 Three Phase Setting

Follow the steps of Single phase setting. Most of the steps are the same except 2 points:

The first difference is when set in Program 27, it should be 3P1 for first phase, 3P2 for second phase and 3P3 for third phase.

First-phase LCD is shown	Second-phase LCD is shown	Third-phase LCD is shown
		

The second difference is to verify whether the three-phase input has the correct phase sequence.

The inverter needs to be set to UPS mode. If the screen displays that the power grid cannot be connected to the system, the AC phase sequence of the system input needs to be adjusted. After the power grid is connected normally, the APP or UPS mode can be set according to actual needs.

5.6 Wifi Connection in Parallel System

There are two ways to install WIFI:

(1) Only install a WIFI stick (or use built-in WIFI) on any one inverter, and the entire parallel system will upload data through this WIFI equipment.

(2) Install WIFI sticks (or use built-in WIFI) on each inverter, and each inverter will upload its own data through its own WIFI equipment.



CAUTION!

When installing WIFI sticks on more than 1 inverters, other inverters without WIFI sticks cannot upload data.

5.7 Setting Notes during Parallel Use

Program 28 (PID): It only can be set on standby mode and take effect immediately. If it needs to be set, all inverters' Power ON/OFF switch should be switched off.

Program 01 (OPU): If inverter is using in parallel mode, program 01 can only be set on standby mode and take effect immediately. If it needs to be set, all inverters' Power ON/OFF switch should be switched off.

Program 02 (OPF): If inverter is using in parallel mode, program 02 can only be set on standby mode and take effect immediately. If it needs to be set, all inverters' Power ON/OFF switch should be switched off.

Program 27 (MOD): If inverter is using in parallel mode, program 27 can only be set on standby mode and take effect immediately. If it needs to be set, all inverters' Power ON/OFF switch should be switched off.

6. Fault Reference Code

Fault display:



Function description: If an alarm occurs, the indicator flashes and the buzzer sounds once every second for 1 minute before stopping. If a fault occurs, the fault indicator stays on, the buzzer sounds for 10 seconds and then stops, and the system will attempt an automatic restart. If the device still fails to work normally after accumulating 6 restarts within 15 minutes, the device and LCD screen will remain in a fault state. You need to completely power off the device (turn off the screen) or wait for 15 minutes before restarting it.

The LCD display interface in the fault state is shown in the figure above. In fault mode, the fault icon stays on; in alarm state, the alarm icon flashes. Please contact the manufacturer to troubleshoot the abnormal condition based on the fault information.

Fault: The inverter enters fault mode, with a constant red LED light and LCD displaying a fault code.

Fault code sheet

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
1	Grid soft start fail	Turn fault mode	Grid soft start process starts but bus voltage does not reach set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
2	Bus over voltage	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is higher than set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds. In parallel mode, triggering three times within 15 minutes will result in a lockout
3	Bus below voltage	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is lower than set value	Restore after 15 seconds
4	Battery over current	Turn fault mode	Battery current is higher than set value	Cannot restore
5	System over temperature	Turn fault mode	Temperature is higher than set value or fan is not connected	Restore after temperature lower than set value and fan connected for 15 minutes
6	Battery over voltage	Turn fault mode	Battery voltage is higher than set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
7	Bus soft start failed	Turn fault mode	Battery soft start process starts but the bus voltage has not reached set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
8	Bus short circuit	Turn fault mode	Bus voltage is lower than set value	Cannot restore
9	Inverter soft start failed	Turn fault mode	Inverter soft start process starts but the inverter voltage has not reached set value	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
11	Inverter under voltage	Turn fault mode	The inverter voltage is lower than the set value in battery mode	Restore after reaching the set voltage for 15 seconds
12	Inverter short circuit	Turn fault mode	Inverter voltage is less than the set value and current is higher than the set value	Restore after reaching the set value for 15 seconds
13	Inverter negative power	Turn fault mode	The inverter power is negative and exceeds the set value for a period of time	Restore after reaching the set value for 15 seconds
14	Over load	Turn fault mode	The load current, load power, battery current, or grid current exceeds the set value.	Restore after reaching the set value for 15 seconds
15	Hardware model identification fault	Turn fault mode	System detects a hardware mismatch.	Cannot restore
17	Program updating	Turn fault mode	Inverter updating or OTA	Restore after updating
18	PV reverse connection	Turn fault mode	PV reverse connection	Restore after connecting correctly for 5 seconds
19	Parallel Same ID	Turn fault mode	Same parallel ID in system	Restore when there is no identical ID.
20	Parallel Communication Fault	Turn fault mode	When communication abnormalities occur, the number of parallel devices decrease to 1	Restore after re-establishing parallel mode or adjusting to single machine mode

Fault code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
21	Parallel Battery Differ	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the battery voltage difference between different machines is too large	Restore after the battery voltage of each inverter under parallel operation is consistent
24	Parallel Configuration Differ	Turn fault mode	In three-phase parallel mode, different machine parallel mode settings may have phase loss, or both three-phase and single-phase parallel modes may exist, or there may be single machine mode.	Restore after set to single machine operation and disconnect parallel communication, or parallel operation condition recover.
25	Parallel Sync Loss	Turn fault mode	In parallel mode, the output voltage detection loses synchronization.	Cannot restore in parallel mode or restore after change to single mode.
26	BMS fault	Turn fault mode	Error code in BMS message.	Restore after BMS fault resolved
27	MCU fault	Turn fault mode	MCU abnormal	Cannot rerestore
28	Loss of host heartbeat	Turn fault mode	Cannot receive heartbeat signal form host inverter	Restore after heartbeat signal back to normal
29	Inverter load abnormal	Turn fault mode	Abnormal inverter load leads to abnormal voltage	Restore after voltage returning normal for 15 seconds
30	PV Over Voltage	Turn fault mode	PV voltage exceeds the maximum supported voltage	Restore after voltage returning lower than maximum supported voltage
31	Phase synchronization fault	Turn fault mode	Client inverter phase difference from host inverter is too large.	Restore after after phase synchronization
32	Parallel version fail	Turn fault mode	Software version mismatch in parallel system.	Restore after the inverter with the same software version

7. Alarm Reference Code

Alarm: the inverter does not enter the fault mode, LED red light flashing, LCD displays the Alarm code.



Alarm code sheet

Alarm code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
50	Battery open	Alarm	Battery disconnected for no more than 10 minutes	Restore after battery connected for 2 minutes
51	Battery under voltage	Alarm, battery low voltage shutdown or cannot power on	Battery voltage is lower than BAU set value	When the battery voltage is higher than 52V, or higher than BAU + 2V, and the grid power is connected, or the on/off switch is turned off, or a remote shutdown command is received.
52	Battery low voltage	Alarm	Battery voltage is lower than BAL set value	Restore after the battery voltage exceeding the BAL set value by 2V
53	Battery charge short circuit	Alarm, battery does not charge	Battery voltage is less than 24V and the charging current exists.	Restore after the short circuit is eliminated.
56	BMS loss	Alarm	Communication failure after BMS communication function is enabled	Restore after communication function disabled or communication success
58	Fan error	Alarm, fan operation in full speed	No fan speed signal detected	Restore after fan speed signal detected
59	EEPROM error	Alarm	EEPROM read/write exception	Can not restore
60	Overload	Alarm	The grid current/battery discharge current/ load power is higher than the rated value.	Restore after the grid current/battery discharge current/load power is less than the rated value.
62	PV energy weak	Alarm, Turn off the PV output to the load, but keep the PV charging the battery	When the battery is not connected, the bus voltage is lower than the set value	Restore after battery connected or grid connected, or 10 minutes later.

Alarm code	Meaning	Relevant action	Trigger conditions	Resume conditions
64	Parallel Configuration Differ	Alarm, turn to standby mode	In standby mode, there is an incompatible mode setting while parallel operation	Restore after setting the parallel operation mode correctly
67	Parallel Grid Phase Error	Alarm, grid supply not accessible	In non-grid mode, if there is a continuous grid phase-locking abnormality, or the grid voltage error exceeds 20V, or the grid frequency difference exceeds 0.5Hz.	Restore after all trigger conditions are eliminated
68	Battery under SOC shutdown	Alarm, turn to standby mode	BMS reports SOC lower than BSU set value	Restore after meeting one of the following three conditions: 1. Disable low SOC shutdown function 2. Disable BMS communication function 3. SOC is higher than the set value by 5%
69	Battery below SOC warning	Alarm, if it is in standby mode, it will remain in standby mode.	Lithium battery SOC is lower than set value+5% (grid mode or battery mode), lower than set value+10% (standby mode)	Restore after meeting one of the following three conditions: 1. Disable low SOC shutdown function 2. Disable BMS communication function 3. SOC is higher than the set value by 10%
70	Parallel Battery Under Voltage	Alarm, turn to standby mode	In the parallel system, some units determine to shut down due to low battery voltage or low SOC.	Restore after all trigger conditions are eliminated
72	Battery can not startup	Alarm	During standby, battery voltage is lower than the allowed startup voltage	Restore after the battery voltage is higher than the allowed startup voltage
77	Grid power is unstable	Alarm	Lost of grid power three times within 5 minutes	Restore after 5 mins
78	Meter Loss	Alarm	When the grid power is connected and the grid connected inverter function is set to Meter, the meter communication is disconnected	Restore after grid is disconnected, or detection device is not set to Meter, or meter communication restore

8. Battery Equalization

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

Note:*Don't activate this mode when using lithium batteries.

- How to Apply Equalization Function

You can enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting Program 32 by setting time, or you can choose immediate equalization on Program 35. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1.Set equalization voltage point on Program 31.
- 2.Set equalization charging time on Program 32.
- 3.Set equalization delay time on Program 33.
- 4.Set equalization interval time on Program 34.
- 5.Set immediate equalization mode activation on Program 35.

9. Trouble Shooting

Problem	Fault Event	Trigger conditions	What to do
LED screen display fault code 2	Bus voltage high	1. Check whether the total rated voltage of PV string exceeds the Max. PV open circuit voltage of inverter.	If it exceeds, reduce the PV module number.
		2. In case of parallel operation, check whether the output voltage settings of the two inverters are consistent.	If inconsistent, reset.
LED screen display fault code 3	Bus voltage low	1. Disconnect the load from inverter and restart again to observe if it recovers.	If it recovers, it indicates that there are too many impact loads and part of them should be removed from inverter.
LED screen display fault code 5	Over temperature	1. After the temperature is low, start the inverter output and check whether the fan rotates.	If the fan is not rotating, there may be a fault with the fan or its wiring.
		2. Check if the dust filter is too dirty.	If there is excessive dust accumulation, it needs to be cleaned.
		3. Check if there is a clearance space of more than 30cm around the machine.	If there is insufficient space, please refer to the user manual for reinstalling.
		4. Check if the ambient temperature is too high (above 45°C).	For example, avoid direct sunlight.
		5. Check if the air duct paper is loose.	Install the plastic nail provided by the manufacturer at the loose position
LED screen display fault code 26	BMS fault	1. Check the BMS fault information through the battery background controller.	Handle battery problems according to fault information.

Problem	Fault Event	Trigger conditions	What to do
LED screen display fault code 56	BMS loss	1. Check whether the communication cable is plugged into the correct port of the lithium battery.	The lithium battery may have multiple communication interfaces, which need to be plugged into the correct position.
		2. Check whether the battery dial switch setting is consistent with the protocol used.	The battery supports a variety of BMS protocols, and different protocols can be selected through the dial switch on the battery.
		3. Confirm whether the definition of battery port pin of BMS communication cable is consistent with that of inverter.	If not, replace the correct cable.
		4. Confirm whether the BMS protocol matches the inverter.	If it is not within the matching range of inverter, the Protocol shall be replaced.
		5. Replace the battery or inverter for test.	If it is normal after replacement, the communication hardware fails.
LED screen display fault code 58	Fan abnormal alarm	1. Confirm if the fan rotation is abnormal and if there is any foreign object causing obstruction.	Remove any foreign objects.
		2. Check if the fan is not connected or if the wiring is loose.	Ensure proper connection of the fan.
		3. Replace the fan to check if the fan is damaged.	Confirm damage and replace the fan.
LED screen display fault code 62	PV Energy Weak	1. Check if PV power is normal.	If abnormal, repair PV.
		2. Check if PV power is lower than load demand.	Remove part of the load.

10. Technical Parameters

Model	12KVA
The rated power	12000W(PV+BAT)
INPUT	
Voltage	230VAC
Selectable Voltage Range	170-280VAC (UPS), 90-280VAC (Appliances)
Frequency Range	50Hz/60Hz (Auto sensing)
OUTPUT	
AC Voltage Regulation (Batt. Model)	230VAC $\pm$ 5%
Surge Power	24000VA
Power factor	1
Efficiency(Peak)	>94%
Transfer Time	10ms (UPS), 20ms (Appliances)
Wave form	Pure sine wave
No Load Power Consumption	<30W
BATTERY	
Battery voltage	48VDC
Max. Discharge Current	220A
Low battery alarming voltage	44.0VDC
Low battery cut off protection voltage	42.0VDC
Low battery recovery voltage	46.0VDC
Floating Charge Voltage	56.0VDC
Overcharge Protection	64.0VDC
MPPT SOLAR CHARGER & AC CHARGER	
Maximum PV Array Power	15000W
Max. Input Current per MPPT	27A/27A
MPPT Range Operation Vol	60-450VDC
Maximum PV Array Open Circuit Vol.	500VDC
Number of MPPT trackers / Max output current	160A
Maximum AC Charge Current	160A
Maximum Efficiency	98%
BEST PANEL CONFIGUTATION	
Maximum PV Array Power	15000W
Best Panel configuration	550W/27PCS/9S3P

CHARACTERISTIC	
Number of AC output	2
Display	LCD&APP
Communication Interface	RS485(BMS) communication port
Parallel Capabillty	supports 6pcs
PHYSICAL	
Packing size, D*W*H(mm)	L618*W545*H205mm
N.W. kg	15Kg
G.W. kg	17Kg
Communication Interface	RS485(BMS) communication port
OPERATING ENVIRONMENT	
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 55°C
Storage Temperature	-15°C -60°C

Notes:

1. Updates to the content and version of this manual will not be notified separately.
2. The product images displayed in this manual are for visual illustration purposes only and do not represent the actual dimensional ratios of the equipment. The actual appearance of the product shall be subject to the datasheet or the physical product.